

## Lockable Dowels For Temporary Movement Joints

**Ancon**<sup>®</sup>  
BUILDING PRODUCTS

# Ancon Lockable Dowels

## Contents

Advantages and Applications	2-3
Range of Lockable Dowels	4-5
Performance Data	6
Edge Distance and Spacings	7
Reinforcement Details	8
Dimensions	9
Installation	10
Projects	11
Other Ancon Products	11



## Lockable Dowels

Lockable Dowels have been designed by Ancon for use at temporary movement joints, most commonly found in post-tensioned concrete frames.

These dowels allow initial shrinkage of the concrete to take place and are then locked in position with a mechanical plate and a controlled amount of epoxy resin. The locked dowels continue to transfer shear, but prevent further movement taking place.

## Advantages

The use of Lockable Dowels can save a significant amount of time and materials over other construction methods. Concrete shrinkage has traditionally been accommodated by leaving gaps in the slab called 'pour strips' or 'closure strips'. These strips are filled once movement has stabilised, however until they are filled the slabs must be propped, restricting site access and delaying site progress. Gaps in the slab also create a trip hazard for site workers, use additional formwork and can leave the soffit face marked.



Pour Strips restrict site access, cause a trip hazard and delay progress on site

Lockable Dowels improve site access, minimise formwork requirements and accelerate the rate of construction. With a Lockable Dowel, there is less requirement for the slabs to be propped or a support corbel to be constructed, as shear load is transferred by the dowel. The time saved by early removal of slab props can be significant.

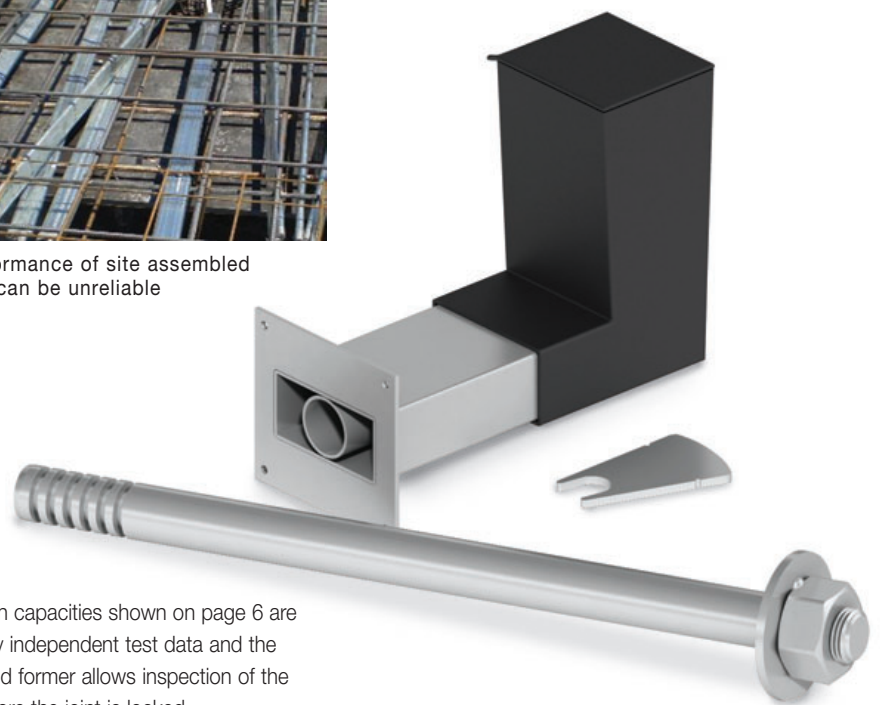
A Lockable Dowel also provides many advantages over the site-assembled arrangement of carbon steel reinforcing bar, galvanised or plastic ducting, vent tubes and a non-specific grout, which is sometimes used by contractors.



The performance of site assembled systems can be unreliable

In addition, engineers have found the Ancon Lockable Dowel to be the preferred design solution for pin-ended joints. Although it is customary for practical reasons to use U-bars or other rebar continuity systems at these connections, these options do not truly act as hinges and so rotation of the slab under load can induce cracking at the wall-to-slab interface with potential integrity issues.

The Lockable Dowel is closer to a true pin-ended joint and, being manufactured from stainless steel, provides additional corrosion protection over systems using carbon steel reinforcement.



The design capacities shown on page 6 are backed by independent test data and the unique void former allows inspection of the dowel before the joint is locked.

Standard Ancon systems are available for use at slab joints and retaining / core walls.

## Applications

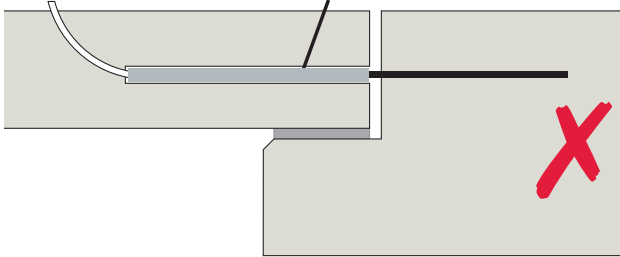
In most cases, Ancon Lockable Dowels can be used to replace pour strips at temporary movement joints in post-tensioned concrete frames. Standard Ancon systems are available for use at slab joints and retaining / core walls.

“The consulting design engineer wanted a one metre wide pour strip to be left open for 90 days which wasn’t acceptable to Hansen Yuncken. Using the Lockable Dowel system from Ancon allowed earlier formwork stripping and work to continue with our services, thereby reducing overall construction time.”

Brent Courtney, Senior Site Manager, Hansen Yuncken



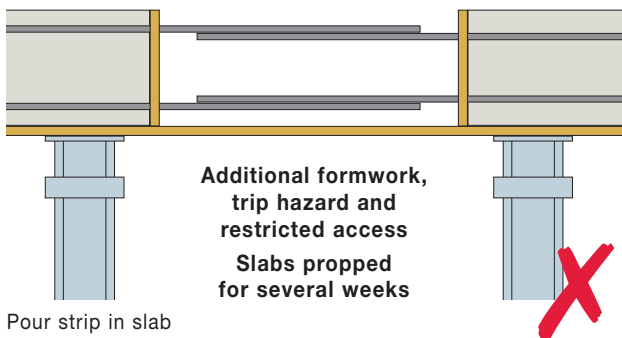
Slab-to-Slab



Various site-assembled components

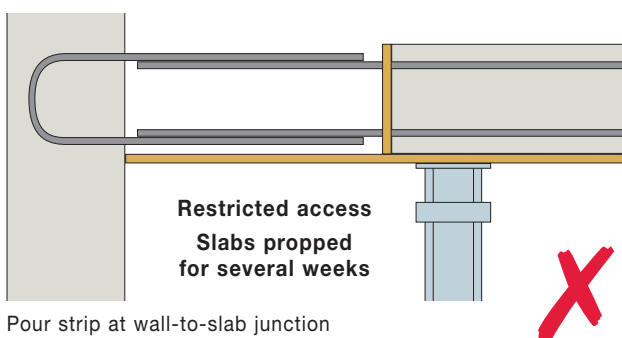
**Unreliable performance, additional construction materials used and support corbel or prop required**

Slab-to-Slab

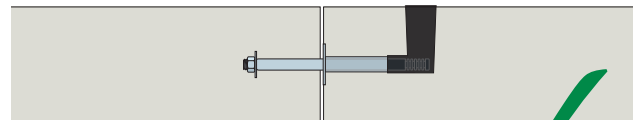


Pour strip in slab

Slab-to-Wall



Pour strip at wall-to-slab junction



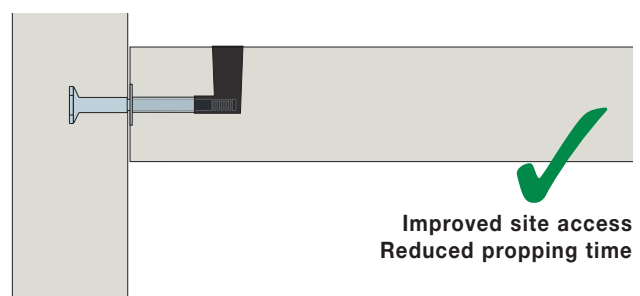
Ancon Lockable Dowel

**Proven performance  
Minimal material usage**



Ancon Lockable Dowel

**Minimal formwork  
Improved site access  
Reduced propping time**



Ancon Lockable Dowel

**Improved site access  
Reduced propping time**

# Ancon Lockable Dowels

## Range of Lockable Dowels

A Lockable Dowel allows initial shrinkage of the concrete to take place and then, after a pre-determined time period (generally 90-120 days), is locked in position with a mechanical plate and a controlled amount of epoxy resin. The range comprises three products; ESDQ-L20, HLDQ-L30 and ESDQ-L20W.

### Slab-to-Slab Lockable Dowels ESDQ-L20\*

The dowel component is manufactured from 30mm diameter stainless steel; one end is threaded with a fixed nut and washer, and the other features a series of grooves to accept the Locking Plate. The cylindrical sleeve which accepts the dowel component is contained within a box-section to allow lateral, longitudinal and some rotational movement. The epoxy resin is poured into the L-shaped void former. This product has a design capacity of almost 70kN in shear and up to 100kN in tension. See pages 6-9 for full technical details.



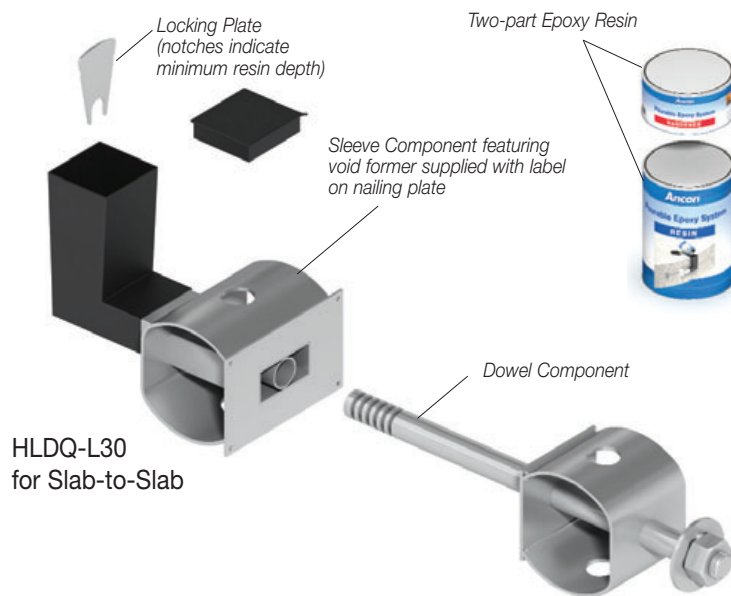
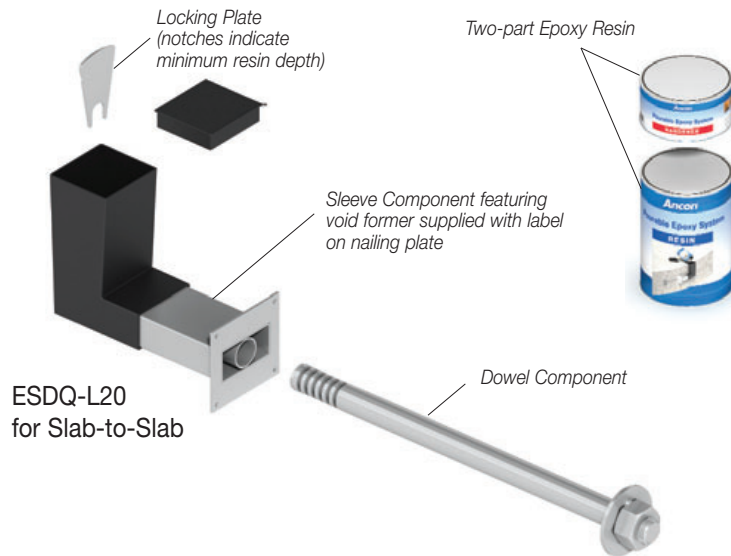
Reinforcement around ESDQ-L20 Sleeves

### HLDQ-L30\*

The HLDQ-L30 is a high load Lockable Dowel with a design capacity of up to 136kN in shear and up to 100kN in tension. See pages 6-9 for full technical details.



HLDQ-L30 Sleeve nailed to formwork



#### Example Specification Clause

Delete/Amend blue text as appropriate

<Ancon ESDQ-L20 or Ancon HLDQ-L30> lockable shear load connector comprising dowel, sleeve and locking components to be installed at the temporary movement joint between two slabs. Product to be positioned at <insert centres>mm horizontal centres at <the centre line of the slab or XXXmm from the top of the slab>. The dowel is to be locked in position after <insert time period> using the locking plate and resin supplied. System should be installed in accordance with Ancon's instructions and engineer's drawings.

\* Patent pending

## Slab-to-Wall Lockable Dowel ESDQ-L20W\*

The dowel component is manufactured from 30mm diameter stainless steel, but is shorter than the ESDQ-L20 dowel. One end of the dowel is designed to fix into the stainless steel Ancon SKS24 Threaded Anchor cast into the face of the concrete and the other end features a series of grooves to accept the Locking Plate. The sleeve component is the same as used in the ESDQ-L20. See pages 6-9 for full technical details.



Sleeve pushed over dowel component at core wall

### Example Specification Clause

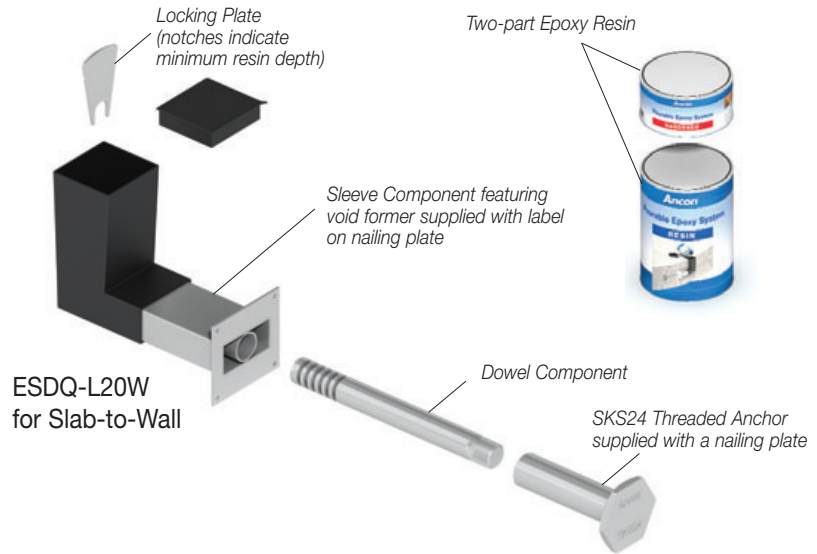
Delete/Amend [blue](#) text as appropriate

Ancon ESDQ-L20W lockable shear load connector comprising dowel, sleeve, threaded anchor and locking components to be installed at the temporary movement joint between slab and wall. Product to be positioned at [<insert centres>](#)mm horizontal centres at [<the centre line of the slab or XXXmm from the top of the slab>](#). The dowel is to be locked in position after [<insert time period>](#) using the locking plate and resin supplied. System should be installed in accordance with Ancon's instructions and engineer's drawings.

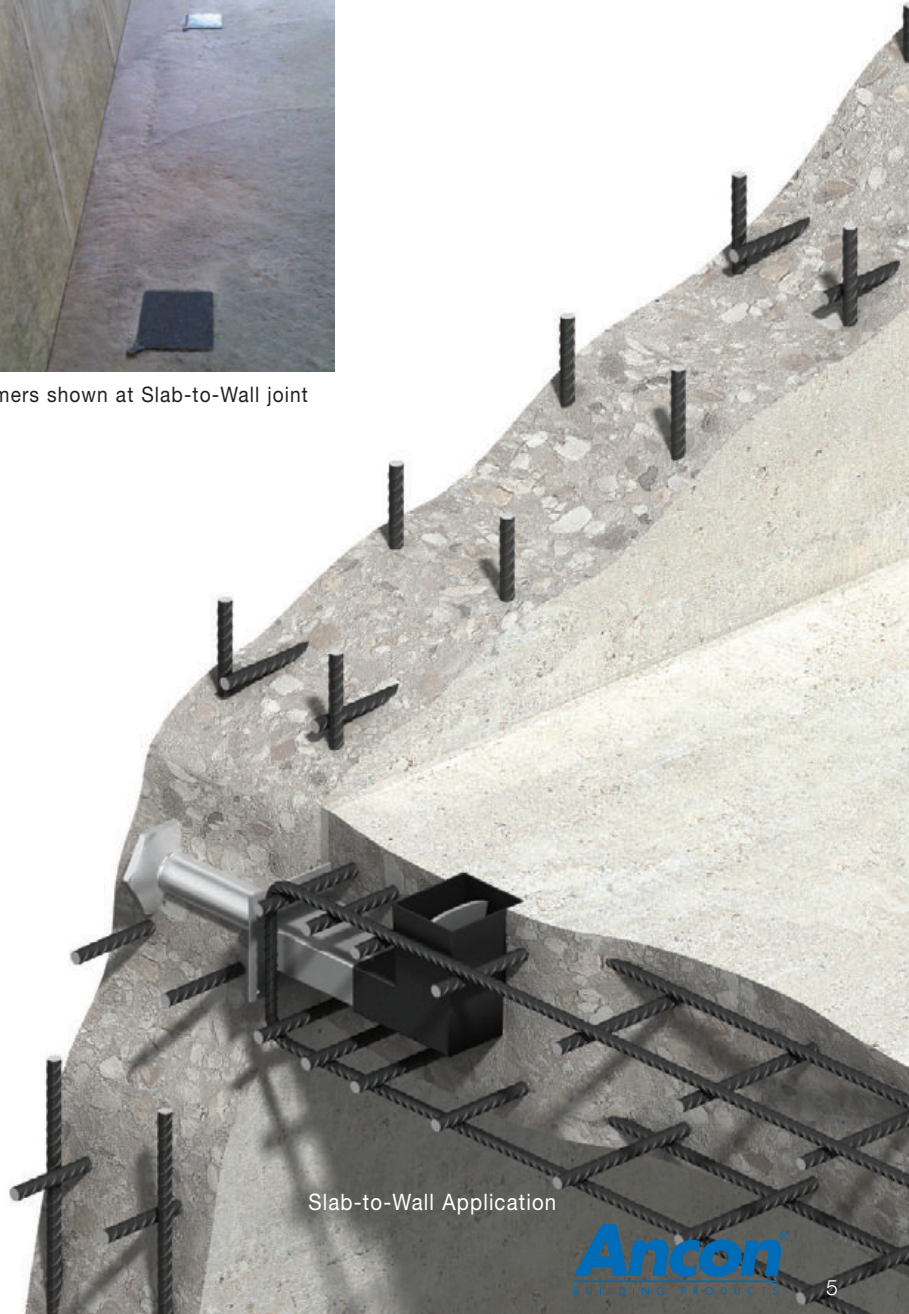
### Epoxy Resin

Each dowel is locked after a pre-determined time period (generally 90-120 days) with a high quality, two-part epoxy resin. The resin is mixed and poured into the L-shaped void former. Each dowel requires 1,500g of resin which is supplied in a single can for each dowel to control the quantity.

\* Patent pending



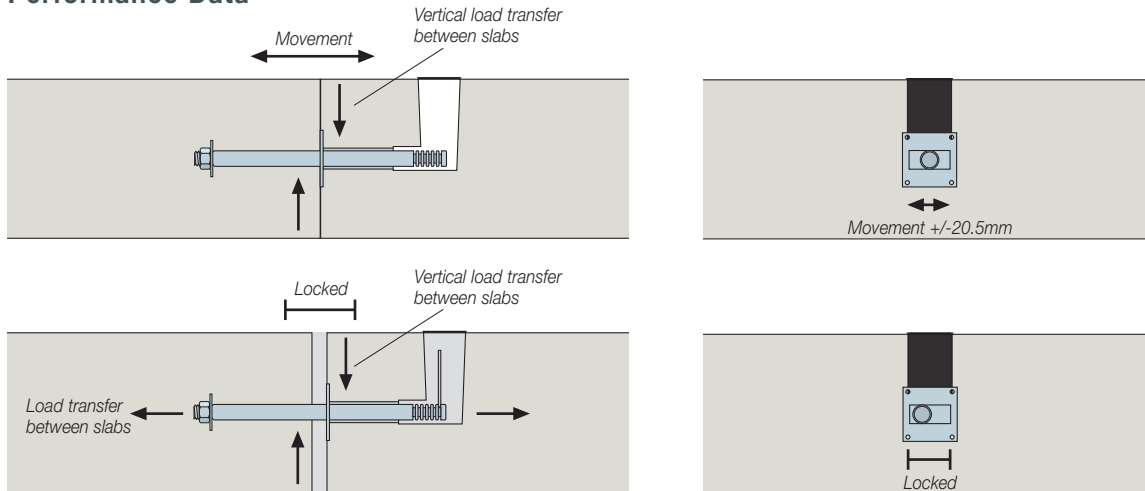
Void formers shown at Slab-to-Wall joint



Slab-to-Wall Application

# Ancon Lockable Dowels

## Performance Data



### ESDQ-L20 Lockable Dowels (slab-to-slab)

Slab Thickness (mm)	Tension along line of dowel (kN)	Vertical Design Capacity (kN) at Various Design Joint Widths (mm) in 32MPa Concrete							
		5	10	15	20	25	30	35	40
160	45	12.0	12.0	12.0	12.0	12.0	12.0	12.0	12.0
180	65	25.0	25.0	25.0	25.0	25.0	25.0	25.0	25.0
200	80	40.0	40.0	40.0	40.0	40.0	40.0	40.0	40.0
220	100	53.6	53.6	53.6	53.6	53.6	53.6	53.6	52.7
240	100	62.2	62.2	62.2	62.2	60.6	57.8	55.2	52.7
260 and above	100	71.4	69.9	66.6	63.5	60.6	57.8	55.2	52.7

### ESDQ-L20W Lockable Dowels (slab-to-wall)

Slab Thickness (mm)	Tension along line of dowel (kN)	Vertical Design Capacity (kN) at Various Design Joint Widths (mm) in 32MPa Concrete							
		5	10	15	20	25	30	35	40
160	45	12.0	12.0	12.0	12.0	12.0	12.0	12.0	12.0
180	65	25.0	25.0	25.0	25.0	25.0	25.0	25.0	25.0
200	80	40.0	40.0	40.0	40.0	40.0	40.0	40.0	40.0
220	80	53.6	53.6	53.6	53.6	53.6	53.6	53.6	52.7
240	80	62.2	62.2	62.2	62.2	60.6	57.8	55.2	52.7
260 and above	80	71.4	69.9	66.6	63.5	60.6	57.8	55.2	52.7

### HLDQ-L30 Lockable Dowels (slab-to-slab)

Slab Thickness (mm)	Tension along line of dowel (kN)	Vertical Design Capacity (kN) at Various Design Joint Widths (mm) in 32MPa Concrete							
		5	10	15	20	25	30	35	40
240 and above	100	136.0	136.0	136.0	136.0	136.0	136.0	136.0	121.9

#### ESDQ-L20 Example

Slab thickness	= 240mm	
Joint width	= 20mm	
Concrete strength	= 32MPa	
Characteristic permanent action (dead load)	= 45kN/m	$\lambda_G = 1.2$
Characteristic variable action (imposed load)	= 50kN/m	$\lambda_Q = 1.5$
Design load	= $1.2 \times 45 + 1.5 \times 50 = 129\text{kN/m}$	
Vertical design capacity	= 62.2kN (240mm slab 20mm joint)	
Therefore centres for vertical load	= $62.2 / 129 = 0.482\text{m}$	use 450mm centres

Each dowel will in addition provide a design capacity across the joint of 100kN (for slab to wall this is 80kN), therefore the total design capacity in the direction of the dowel =  $100 / 0.45 = 222\text{kN}$  (for slab to wall  $80 / 0.45 = 177\text{kN}$ ).

If this is insufficient, the dowel centres can be reduced to a minimum of  $1.5 \times$  slab thickness to increase the design capacity across the joint, in this example it would increase to  $100 / 0.36 = 277\text{kN}$  (for slab to wall  $80 / 0.36 = 222\text{kN}$ ).

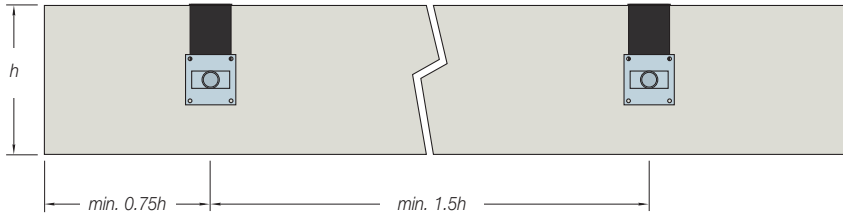
#### Joint Filler / Fire Protection

Ancon can provide information on a suitable joint filler and also recommend fire resistant material which could be used as part of an overall fire protection system.

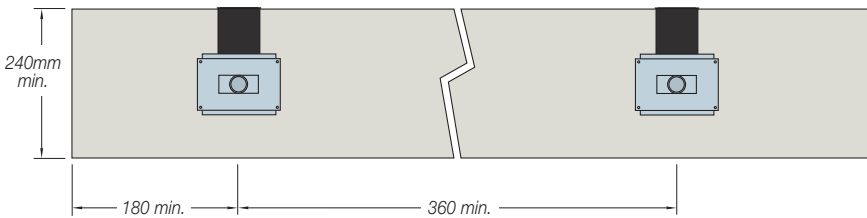


## Edge Distance and Spacings

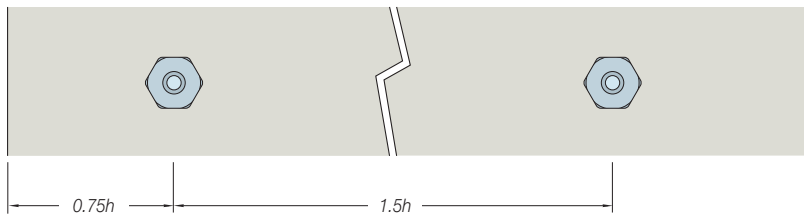
For connectors working at or near their maximum capacity, the minimum spacing should be 1.5 times the slab thickness. Where the design load of the connector could be used in a thinner slab, a spacing of 1.5 times the thinner slab thickness can be used. The minimum end distance is always 0.5 times the spacing.



ESDQ-L20 Minimum Edge Distance and Spacings



HLDQ-L30 Minimum Edge Distance and Spacings



ESDQ-L20W Minimum Edge Distance and Spacings.  $h$  = depth of adjoining slab

### ESDQ-L20 Example

Slab thickness	= 300mm
Joint width	= 20mm
Concrete strength	= 32MPa
Design capacity/connector (based on slabs 260mm and above)	= 63.5kN
Spacing for max. load	$300 \times 1.5 = 450\text{mm}$
End distance for max. load	$450 \times 0.5 = 225\text{mm}$
Design capacity/metre	$= 63.5 / 0.45 = 141.1\text{kN/m}$

As an ESDQ-L20 can be used in a 220mm slab for a design capacity per connector of up to 53.6kN, the spacing can be based on a 220mm slab. Therefore:

Reduced spacing	$220 \times 1.5 = 330\text{mm}$
Reduced end distance	$330 \times 0.5 = 165\text{mm}$
Design capacity/metre	$53.6 / 0.33 = 162.4\text{kN/m}$

# Ancon Lockable Dowels

## Reinforcement Details

Local reinforcement is required around each Ancon Lockable Dowel to guarantee that the forces are transferred between the connectors and the concrete. Correct detailing in accordance with appropriate design codes and the recommendations provided here will ensure the dowels attain their full capacity. The tables show the main reinforcement required, together with details of reinforcement above and below the connectors. Although only the sleeve components are illustrated, the same reinforcement is required around the dowel component.

### Options for Main Reinforcement

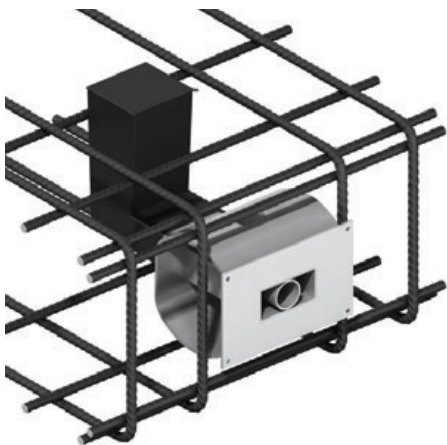
Lockable Dowel Ref.	No. of U-bars each side		
	H12	H14	H16
ESDQ-L20	2	-	-
HLDQ-L30	4	3	3

### Options for Longitudinal Reinforcement

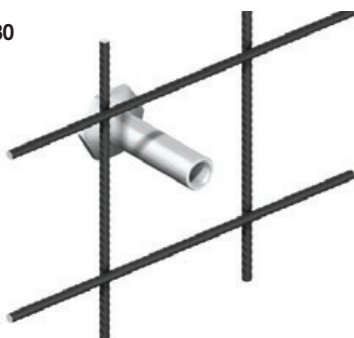
Lockable Dowel Ref.	No. of bars top and bottom		
	H12	H14	H16
ESDQ-L20	2	-	-
HLDQ-L30	2	2	2



ESDQ-L20

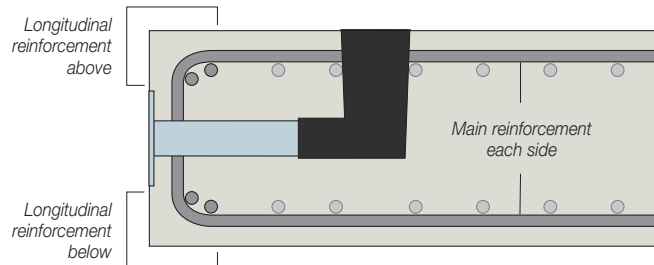
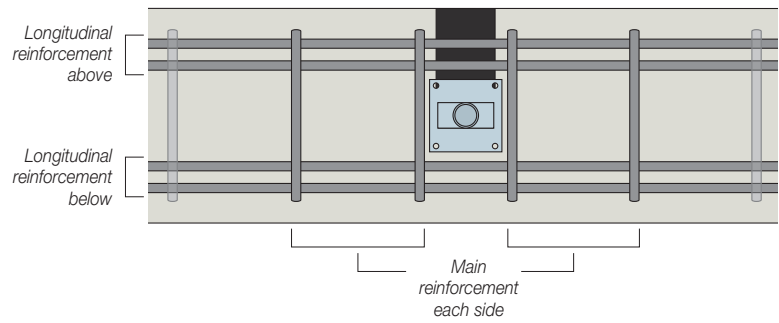


HLDQ-L30

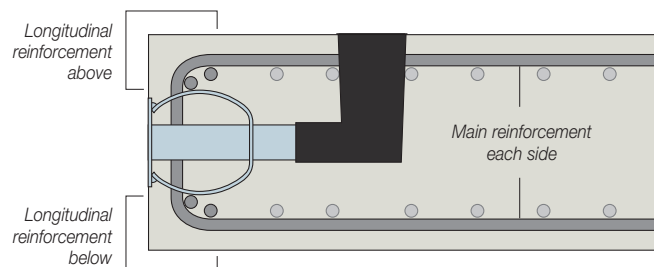
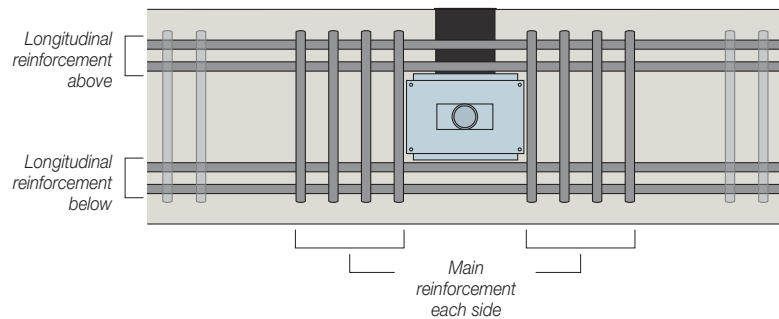


SKS24 Threaded Anchor, part of ESDQ-L20W

### ESDQ-L20



### HLDQ-L30



### Threaded Anchor

Reinforcement around the Ancon Threaded Anchor should be a minimum diameter of 12mm, installed at maximum 200mm vertical and horizontal centres.

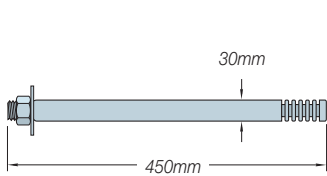




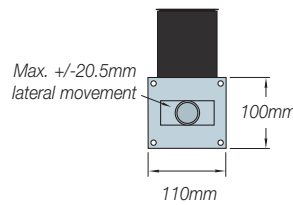
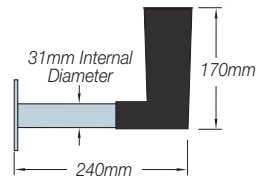
HLDQ-L30 Sleeve Component

### Dimensions

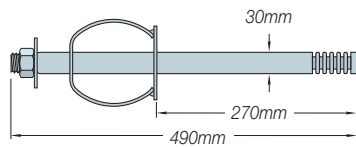
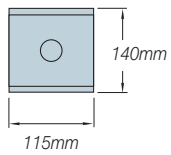
#### ESDQ-L20 Components Dowel Component



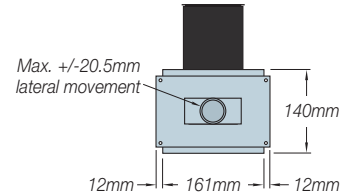
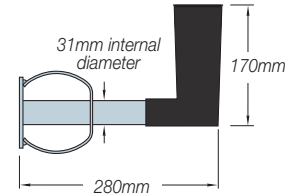
#### Sleeve Component



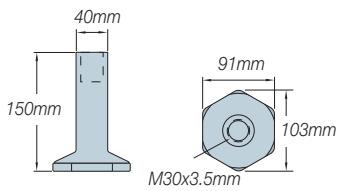
#### HLDQ-L30 Components Dowel Component



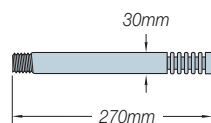
#### Sleeve Component



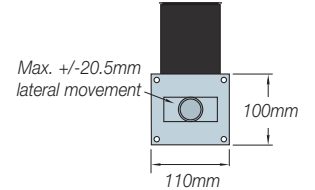
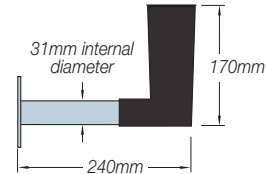
#### ESDQ-L20W Components SKS24 Threaded Anchor



#### Dowel Component



#### Sleeve Component

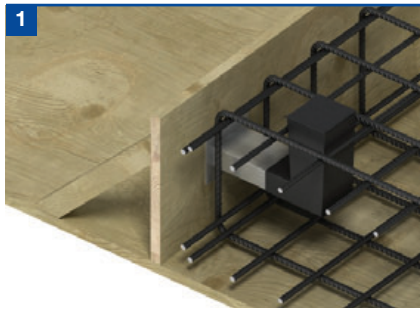


# Ancon Lockable Dowels

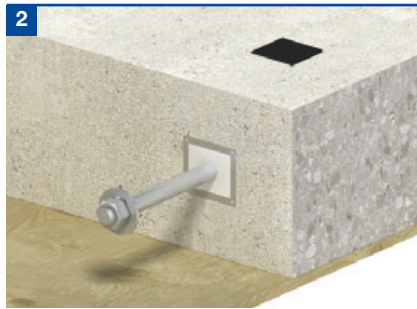
## Installation

### Slab-to-Slab

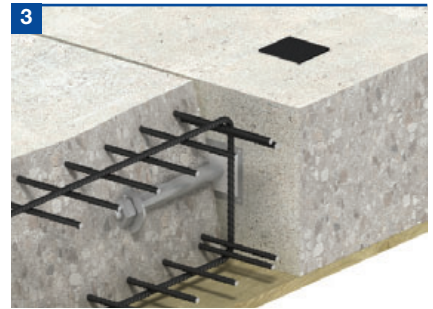
Although installation is shown for the ESDQ-L20, the procedure is the same for the HLDQ-L30.



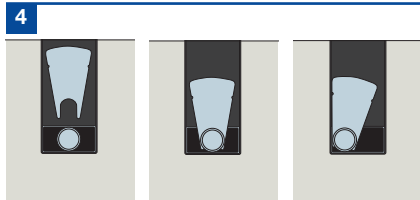
Nail the sleeve to the formwork either central in the slab or for slab depths over 300mm so the top of the void former is level with the top of the slab. Do not remove the label over the nailing plate as this prevents ingress of concrete into the sleeve. Fix the local reinforcement, as specified on engineer's drawings.



Pour the concrete, and when of sufficient strength, strike the formwork. Puncture the label to reveal the cylindrical sleeve only and insert the dowel until it is approximately 20mm from the back of the void former.



Fix the local reinforcement around the dowel component and pour the concrete.



After a predetermined time period (generally 90-120 days), when movement between the slabs has stabilised and the joint between the slabs has been filled, the dowel is ready to be locked.

Fit the Locking Plate on a groove in the centre of the void former. The fan-shaped Locking Plate allows the dowel to be locked in any position.



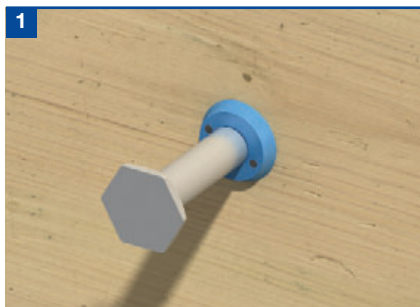
Mix the two-part epoxy resin and pour into the void former. It is essential the resin flows along the stainless steel box section towards the joint and reaches the notches on the locking plate, which indicate minimum resin depth. Joint must be filled before resin is installed.



After 24 hours the void former can be filled with cementitious material, level with the top of the slab, to complete the installation.

The locked dowel continues to transfer vertical load between the slabs, but movement can no longer take place.

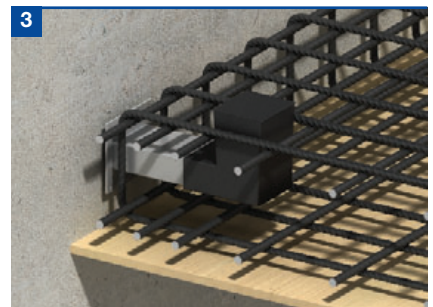
### Slab-to-Wall



Nail the threaded anchor to the formwork so the dowel will be central in the adjoining slab or within 150mm of the top of slabs over 300mm. Fix the local reinforcement as specified on engineer's drawings and cast the concrete.



When concrete reaches sufficient strength, strike the formwork and remove nailing plate. Screw the dowel into the anchor.



Puncture the label of the sleeve to reveal the cylindrical sleeve only. Push the sleeve over the dowel until it is flush with the concrete. Tie the sleeve to reinforcement and pour concrete.

See Steps 4 to 6 above to complete installation.

**Notes:** Where deep concrete pours are proposed, the installation will require further consideration. More robust fixing of the sleeve and dowel components will be necessary, to avoid displacement during casting of the concrete.

## Project References



5,000 Lockable dowels were installed on the Royal Children's Hospital, Melbourne, VIC



2,500 Lockable dowels were installed on the Supreme & District Court, Brisbane, QLD



500 Lockable dowels were installed on the Emergency Care Centre in Aberdeen, UK

## Other Ancon Products

### DSD/Q Shear Load Connectors

Ancon DSD and DSDQ double-dowel connectors are used to transfer shear across movement joints in suspended concrete slabs. They are more effective at transferring load and allowing movement than standard single dowels and can be used to eliminate double columns at structural movement joints in buildings. The Q version features a rectangular box section to allow lateral and some rotational movement.

### Plate Dowel Systems

Ancon MultiJoint is a plate dowel system for use in ground bearing concrete floor slabs. It is an all-in-one solution to load transfer, concrete contraction, armoured edge protection and formwork. Individual plate dowels are also available.

### Punching Shear Reinforcement

Ancon Shearfix is used within a slab to provide additional reinforcement from punching shear around columns. The system consists of double-headed steel studs welded to flat rails and is designed to suit the load conditions and slab depth at each column using free calculation software from Ancon.

### Reinforcing Bar Couplers

The use of reinforcing bar couplers can provide significant advantages over lapped joints. Design and construction of the concrete can be simplified and the amount of reinforcement can be reduced. The Ancon range includes BT parallel-threaded and MBT mechanically-bolted couplers.

### Reinforcement Continuity Systems

Reinforcement Continuity Systems are an increasingly popular means of maintaining continuity of reinforcement at construction joints in concrete. The Ancon Keybox system eliminates the need to drill shuttering and can simplify formwork design, thereby accelerating the construction process. It is available in both standard units and special configurations. Ancon KSN Anchors eliminate the need for on-site bar straightening and are available as standard to accept 12mm, 16mm and 20mm diameter rebar. The system is also available with a re-useable rebate former.

### Stainless Steel Reinforcement

Ancon supplies stainless steel plain and ribbed bar in a variety of grades, including high proof strength material, direct from stock. Bar diameters range from 6mm to 50mm and can be cut to length, bent and threaded to suit any application. Stainless steel BT couplers are also available to suit bars from 12mm diameter.



Design Program Available



Design Program Available



Masonry Support Systems  
Windposts and Lintels  
Wall Ties and Restraint Fixings  
Channel and Bolt Fixings  
Tension and Compression Systems  
Stainless Steel Fabrications  
Flooring and Formed Sections

**Shear Load Connectors**

Stainless Steel Reinforcement  
Reinforcing Bar Couplers  
Reinforcement Continuity Systems  
Punching Shear Reinforcement  
Precast Concrete Accessories



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